

**Grade 12  
Essential  
Week 2 Quiz Debrief**

MrF



Use your or my doubled – sided study notes (cheat sheet) to its full effect.

Use a calculator to its full effect.

Show work for best mark

Round decimal answers to nearest 0.01

Each individual question is worth 2 marks each

Show work for best mark (better marks if you make a brain fart and easier for you to organize your thoughts)

Formulae and tables are provided

Put a check mark here:  if you read these instructions

Show work on separate paper if necessary

1. Complete the table converting different periodic amounts (Grade 11)

\$145 bi-weekly	=	_____ / year
\$42,500 / year	=	_____ monthly
\$930 / week	=	_____ / month

Work Area:

**OPEN BOOK**  
**THIS ONE TIME**

**USE "cheat sheet"**

**Tweak up the cheat sheet eventually with what you want..**

# "Cheat sheet", Study Notes, Reference Notes

Make your own eventually

## VEHICLE FINANCE

**Final New Vehicle Price** = (Dealer price after eco fees, freight, options, etc – Trade in)\* tax factor

**Vehicle Finance. TDSR (Total Debt Service Ratio)** =  $\frac{\text{Debts and Expenses (monthly)}}{\text{Total Gross Income (monthly)}} * 100$ ; max 40%

Cannot have more than 40% of your gross income going towards debt and mandatory payments.

**Monthly Amount** = **Weekly Amt** \* 52 / 12 = **BiWeekly Amount** \* 26 / 12

Exponential Decay (depreciation) of a car's value:

**Final Value** = **Original Value** \* (1 - annual depreciation rate)<sup>years</sup>. Original Value does not include taxes. Eg: \$30,000 \* 0.85<sup>12years</sup> = \$4267.25 for 15% depreciation after 12 yrs

**Monthly Loan Payment** = *table value* \*  $\frac{\text{borrowed amount}}{1,000}$

**Overall Cost of Car** = **Total Loan Payments** + **Down Payment**

**Interest Paid** = **Total Loan Amount Paid Back** – **Amount Borrowed**

**One year** = 52 weekly periods = 26 bi-weekly periods

**Fuel Economy expressed as ratio:**  $\frac{\text{How many litres used}}{100\text{km}}$ ; **Example:**  $\frac{31\text{L}}{390\text{km}} = \frac{x\text{L}}{100}$ , where x is the consumption of fuel for 100km. Should be somewhere around 8 to 12L/100 for a normal family car!

**Time.** 1hr 45min = 1hr + 45/60hr = 1.75 hrs; 3hr20min = 3+20/60 = 3.33 hrs

**Fuel Prices at pump already include taxes!!**

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Formulae and tables are provided

Put a check mark here:  if you read these instructions

Show work on separate paper if necessary

1. Complete the table converting different periodic amounts (Grade 11)

a) \$145 bi-weekly	=	<u>\$3,770</u> / year
\$42,500 / year	=	<u>\$3,541.67</u> monthly
\$930 / week	=	<u>\$4,030</u> / month

**OPEN BOOK**  
**This ONE TIME**

**Use "cheat sheet"**

**Tweak up the cheat sheet eventually with what you want!!**

Grade 10 & 11 stuff (Conversions)

Work Area:

6

a)  $\frac{\$145}{\cancel{\text{biweek}}} \cdot \frac{26 \cancel{\text{biweeks}}}{1 \text{ year}} = \left( \frac{\$3770}{\text{yr}} \right)$

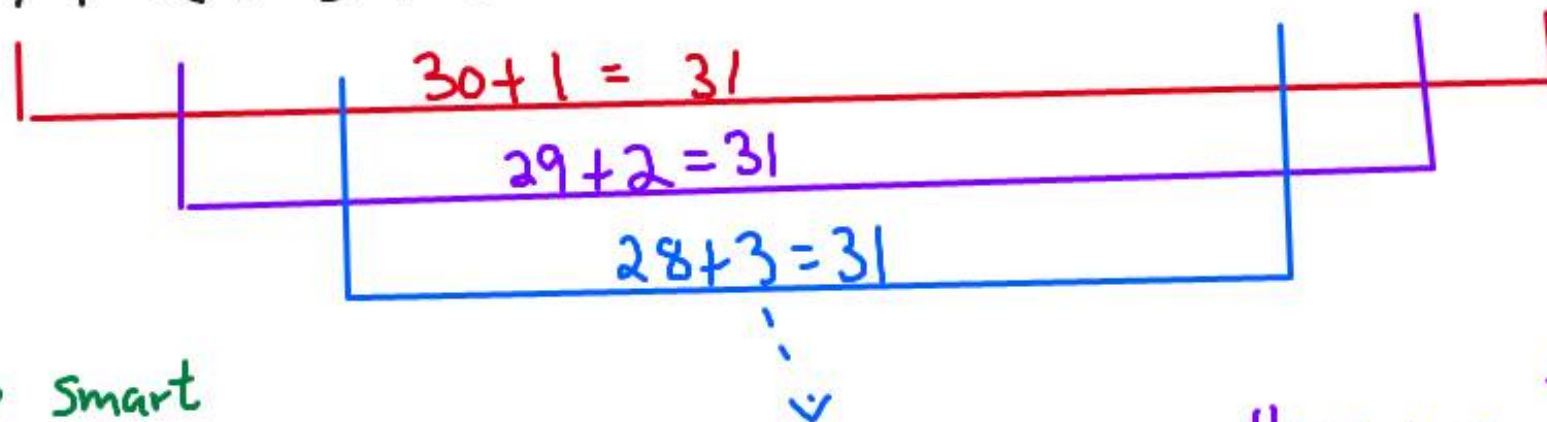
b)  $\frac{\$42,500}{1 \text{ yr}} \cdot \frac{1 \cancel{\text{yr}}}{12 \text{ mon}} = \left( \frac{\$3541.67}{\text{mon}} \right)$

c)  $\frac{\$930}{\cancel{\text{wk}}} \cdot \frac{52 \cancel{\text{wk}}}{1 \text{ yr}} \cdot \frac{1 \cancel{\text{yr}}}{12 \text{ month}} = \left( \frac{\$4030}{\text{month}} \right)$

2. **Problem Solve.** Determine the sum of the numbers from 1 to 30.

2

$$1 + 2 + 3 + 4 + \dots + \text{etc} \dots + 27 + 28 + 29 + 30 =$$



Some smart  
cookie a  
few thousand  
years ago  
noticed the pattern!

How many "31"s?

15!

$$31 \cdot 15 = \textcircled{465}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{30} n$$

we will write  
it like this soon!



3. Karen earns **\$3,800** gross per month at work plus she gets a tax free Canada Child Benefit of **\$450/month**. She pays rent of **\$150/week** to her mom. (No taxes necessary). She pays **\$700 monthly** for day care (day care services are *not* subject to a retail sales tax). She is thinking of financing the purchase of a car through a local dealership for a loan with bi-weekly loan payments of **\$139** for 7 years.

- a. calculate her Total Debt Service Ratio (TDSR) if she takes the loan.
- b. State whether she is likely to get the loan.
- c. **Bonus.** What other factors might affect Karen regarding her personal finances? List and **explain** at least two.

a) 
$$TDSR = \frac{(650 + 700 + 301.17)}{(3,800 + 450)}$$

$\leftarrow$  can she afford extra debt?  $\frac{\$150/\text{week} \cdot 52 \text{ wk}}{1 \text{ yr}} \cdot \frac{1 \text{ yr}}{12 \text{ mon}} = \$650/\text{month}$

$= \frac{1651.17}{4,250} = 0.3885... = \mathbf{38.85\%}$

b) She can afford the extra debt (for now) since  $\leq 40\%$

oops!

$\frac{\$139/\text{biweek} \cdot 26 \text{ biweek}}{1 \text{ yr}} \cdot \frac{1 \text{ yr}}{12 \text{ month}} = \$301.17/\text{month}$

\* Everything per month

**Formulae:**

c) mom moves?  
Another baby?  
Get a roommate?

$TDSR = \frac{\text{Total Compulsary Debts}}{\text{Total Gross Income}} * 100; \text{ max } 40\% \text{ for a loan}$

4. **Car Finance.** The car you chose costs **\$34,500** MSRP (Manufacturer's Suggested Retail Price). You want the fancy stereo system option for an extra **\$600**. The car has to be shipped from Toronto and incurs a freight charge of **\$750**. There is an ecology 'fee' (excise tax) of **\$100** on its air conditioner. You have **no trade-in** vehicle. You will finance the purchase and put a down payment of **\$2,000**.

a. Determine the price of your car with the options and freight and ecology 'fee'.

$$34,500 + 600 + 750 + 100 = \$35,950 \text{ for car}$$

b. Calculate the final cost of the car with taxes included. (7% PST and 5% GST)

$$35,950 \cdot 1.12 = \$40,264 \text{ with taxes}$$

c. You make the down payment of \$2,000 and then take a loan on the remainder at 8% for 5 years. Calculate your monthly payments using your loan tables. Check with an App if you want.

$$\begin{array}{r}
 40,264 \text{ OWING} \\
 - 2,000 \text{ DOWN} \\
 \hline
 38,264 \leftarrow \text{To Finance with loan}
 \end{array}$$

$$\$ 20.28 \cdot 38,264 / 1,000 = \$ 775.99 \text{ per month}$$

d. How much total do you end up paying for the car with the monthly payments and the down payment?

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \cancel{\$ 775.99 / \text{month}} \cdot \cancel{60 \text{ months}} \\
 = \$ 46,559.40 \text{ payments total} \\
 + 2,000.00 \text{ down pmt} \\
 \hline
 \$ 48,559.40 \text{ for a 34.5K car!}
 \end{array}$$

Present Value	<input type="text" value="38,264"/>
✓ Payments	<input type="text" value="-775.86"/>
Future Value	<input type="text" value="0"/>
Annual Rate (%)	<input type="text" value="8"/>
Periods	<input type="text" value="60"/>
Compounding	<input type="text" value="Monthly"/>



## Monthly Vehicle Loan Payments

per Thousand Borrowed

← ! for every 1,000 borrowed

Interest Rate	Years to Repay Loan						
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
4.00%	\$85.15	\$43.42	\$29.52	\$22.58	\$18.42	\$15.65	\$13.67
4.25%	\$85.26	\$43.54	\$29.64	\$22.69	\$18.53	\$15.76	\$13.78
4.50%	\$85.38	\$43.65	\$29.75	\$22.80	\$18.64	\$15.87	\$13.90
4.75%	\$85.49	\$43.76	\$29.86	\$22.92	\$18.76	\$15.99	\$14.02
5.00%	\$85.61	\$43.87	\$29.97	\$23.03	\$18.87	\$16.10	\$14.13
5.25%	\$85.72	\$43.98	\$30.08	\$23.14	\$18.99	\$16.22	\$14.25
5.50%	\$85.84	\$44.10	\$30.20	\$23.26	\$19.10	\$16.34	\$14.37
5.75%	\$85.95	\$44.21	\$30.31	\$23.37	\$19.22	\$16.46	\$14.49
6.00%	\$86.07	\$44.32	\$30.42	\$23.49	\$19.33	\$16.57	\$14.61
6.50%	\$86.30	\$44.55	\$30.65	\$23.71	\$19.57	\$16.81	\$14.85
7.00%	\$86.53	\$44.77	\$30.88	\$23.95	\$19.80	\$17.05	\$15.09
7.50%	\$86.76	\$45.00	\$31.11	\$24.18	\$20.04	\$17.29	\$15.34
8.00%	\$86.99	\$45.23	\$31.34	\$24.41	\$20.28	\$17.53	\$15.59
10.00%	\$87.92	\$46.14	\$32.27	\$25.36	\$21.25	\$18.53	\$16.60
15.00%	\$90.26	\$48.49	\$34.67	\$27.83	\$23.79	\$21.15	\$19.30



Loan amount

\$38,264



Enter the total amount you want to borrow.

Payment frequency

Monthly



How often would you like to make payments?

Interest rate

8.00%

Enter an interest rate.

Amortization

5 years



Select the number of years you'll need to pay back your loan.

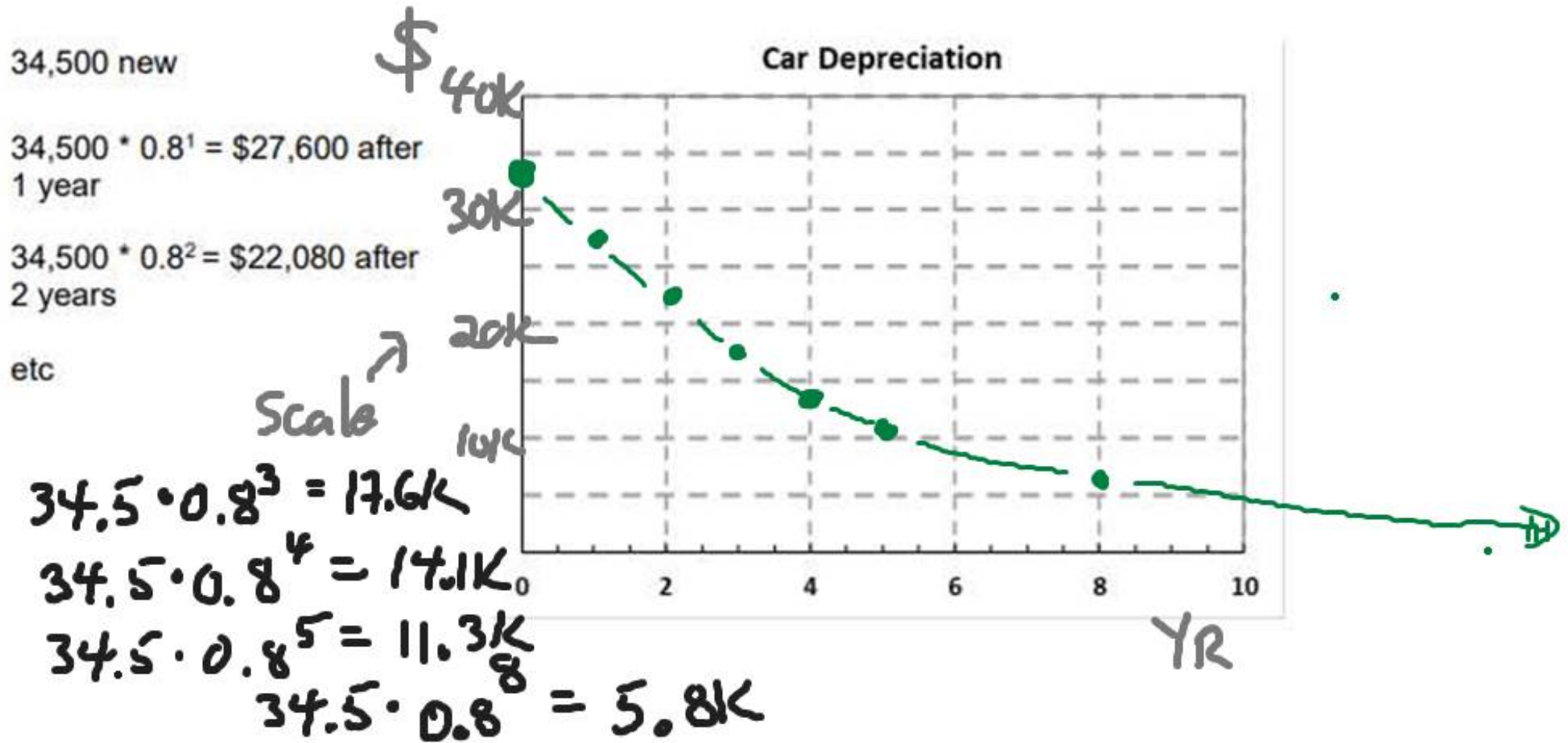
**Your estimated monthly loan payment**

**\$776**

***Every Bank  
website has a  
loan  
calculator!!!***

e. **BONUS.** You wonder what your car will worth after **8** years (approximately) in case you want to trade it in then for a new one. The model you bought depreciates in value at **20%** per year, year on year (exponential decay), from its original new MSRP value. Determine the value of your car after the **8** years. (*caution: the original value of the car is just the MSRP, all the extra options and shipping and taxes you paid do not really add much value to the car years later*)

f. Graph the depreciation: (Grade 11 Graphing)



## BONUSES (two marks each if you need them)

1. **Simplify:** Show manual work! Even if you just draw it! Or just use a calculator if you really must.

a.  $2\frac{1}{4} * 5 = 11\frac{1}{4}$



b.  $2\frac{7}{8} - 2\frac{1}{4}$

$2\frac{7}{8} - 2\frac{1}{4}$   
or use calculator

$$\begin{aligned} & 2 + \frac{7}{8} - (2 + \frac{1}{4}) \\ & = 2 + \frac{7}{8} - 2 - \frac{1}{4} \\ & = \frac{7}{8} - \frac{1}{4} \\ & = \frac{7}{8} - \frac{2}{8} = \left(\frac{5}{8}\right) \end{aligned}$$

2. **Convert:** Determine the number of minutes in eight weeks

$$\begin{aligned} & \cancel{8 \text{ wk}} \cdot \frac{7 \cancel{\text{ day}}}{1 \cancel{\text{ wk}}} \cdot \frac{24 \cancel{\text{ hr}}}{1 \cancel{\text{ day}}} \cdot \frac{60 \text{ min}}{1 \cancel{\text{ hr}}} \\ & = 8 \cdot 7 \cdot 24 \cdot 60 = 80,640 \text{ min} \end{aligned}$$

# That is it

## the quiz for week 2

Don't miss too  
many  
They are  
~ 15% of course  
mark!!  
↑  
approx

