

**GRADE 10 ESSENTIAL  
PRACTICE QUESTIONS**

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Multiple Choice Instructions:

- Use your single sheet course reference notes that you have prepared.
- Use a calculator to its full effect
- Conversion factors have been / will be provided.
- Geometric Formulae have been / will be provided.
- Select the best or closest answer.
- Use an accurate value for Pi ( $\pi$ )
- Each question is 2 marks. Guess if necessary! Always select an answer!

1. **6.45% of \$1325** is:

- a. **\$64.50**      b. **\$205.43**      c. **\$85.46**      d. **\$96 exactly**

2. Mathilde gets paid at an hourly rate of **\$13.50** per hour. She works the following hours in one week. What is her gross pay if overtime is paid at **time-and-a-half** after **8** hours in any one day.

Day	M	T	W	Th	F
Hours	7	10	5	10	4

- a. **\$513**      b. **\$486**      c. **\$1350.00**      d. **\$162.00**

3. Brian has a gross income of **\$572** per week. He contributes **\$45/week** to an **RRSP**. His combined income tax rate is **22%**. How much income tax is deducted from his pay cheque?

- a. **\$125.84**      b. **\$115.94**      c. **\$9.90**      d. **\$527.00**

4. The sum of **two** numbers is **14** their **difference** is **5**. Find the two numbers.

- a. (9.5, 4.5)      b. (7, 7)      c. (14, 9)      d. (7, 12)

5. Derek gets paid at an hourly rate of **\$16.50** per hour. He works the following hours in one week. What is his gross pay if **overtime** is paid at **time-and-a-half** after **40 hours** in any one week.

Day	M	T	W	Th	F
Hours	10	8	9	12	4

- a. **\$43**      b. **\$709.50**      c. **\$300.00**      d. **\$734**

6. If Jason has \$485 a week taxable income, but \$135 is taken off in combined income tax(es), what is his combined Provincial and Federal Income tax rate?

- a. 22%      b. 27.8%      c. 135%      d. 3.59%

7. If three pizzas and a 2-litre coke for \$4.50 costs \$40.50 (no tax) then how much does one pizza cost?

- a. \$12      b. \$36      c. 13.50      d. 13%

8. Carrie wants to put a gold coloured cloth ribbon around the perimeter of her graduation certificate. The certificate is rectangular, it is 9 inches long and the width is  $\frac{2}{3}$  of the length. How many inches of gold ribbon must Carrie buy?

- a. 15      b. 30      c. 54      d. 6

9. If gold ribbon is \$3.17 per foot, how much will Carrie have to pay?

- a. \$95.10      b. \$38.04      c. \$31.70      d. \$7.93

10. If Josh has three different little toy soldiers, how many ways can he arrange them in a line so they can march off?

- a. 3      b. 2      c. 6      d. 5

11. The Canada Pension Plan (CPP):
- a. is a contributory plan to which workers pay a portion of their employment income;
  - b. is a defined benefit financial plan that that is better than a pension from the city;
  - c. has been enjoyed by our progressive society for almost 100 years now;
  - d. is a voluntary plan that can be declined using a T9C tax form.
12. An example of a deduction from employment income is:
- a. CPP benefit
  - b. CCB (Canada Child Benefit) benefit
  - c. income tax(es)
  - d. Goods and Services Tax (GST)
13. If Jayson goes to work at 08:45 and leaves work at 16:15 and has an unpaid 45 minute lunch break; for what duration of time does he get paid?
- a. 8 hours
  - b. 5 hours 15 minutes
  - c. 15 hours
  - d. 6 hours 45 minutes
14. Triangles are important because:
- a. every polygon can be made of triangles
  - b. three is a sacred number
  - c. they are pointy and pretty
  - d. they always make a trapezoid when added to a rectangle

15. According to the distributive law of arithmetic:

a.  $a*(b + c) = abc$

b.  $a*(b + c) = a*b + a*c$

c.  $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$

d.  $6^2 = 49$

16. 17 metres is the equivalent of:

a. 170 cm

b. 170 mm

c. 5.18 ft

d. 55.76 ft

17. A car might weigh:

a. 1200 kg

b. 175 kilograms

c. 450 litres

d. 415 lbs

18.  $1\frac{1}{4} + 2\frac{3}{8} =$

a. 4.75

b.  $3\frac{5}{8}$

c.  $3\frac{4}{12}$

d.  $3\frac{1}{3}$

when properly reduced

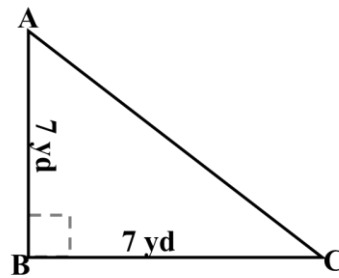
19. The length of side c is:

a. 9.9 yards

b. 14 yards

c. 7 yards

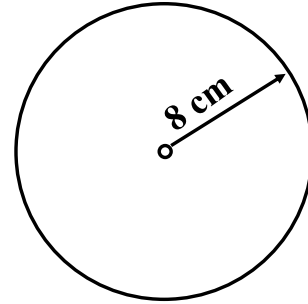
d. 49 square yards



\*\*Not to scale\*\*

20. The circumference of the circle is:

- a. **201 cm**
- b.  **$64 \text{ cm}^2$**
- c. **50 cm**
- d.  **$16\pi \text{ cm exactly}$**



21. 57 inches is how many feet and inches?

- a. 3 feet 22 inches
- b. 5 feet 7 inches
- c. 5.7 feet
- d. 4' 9"

22. 4.95% of \$630 is:

- a. \$31.19
- b. \$634.95
- c. non-taxable
- d. \$3118.50

23. Evaluate:  $6 + 4^2 - 7$

- a. 0
- b. 15
- c.  $\sqrt{(6-7)}$
- d. 3

24. Half the length of a board that measures 7 ft 9 inches in length is:

- a.  $3'10\frac{1}{2}''$
- b. 3.95 ft
- c. 39.5 inches
- d. 4 ft

25. Mike is going to paint one wall in his bedroom, the wall is 8 ft high and 12 feet wide. There is a window that measures 3 feet by 5 feet in the wall. How much area of wall does he have to paint.

- a.  $81 \text{ ft}^2$
- b.  $(40 - 15) \text{ ft}$
- c.  $35 \text{ ft}^2$
- d.  $40 \text{ ft}^2$

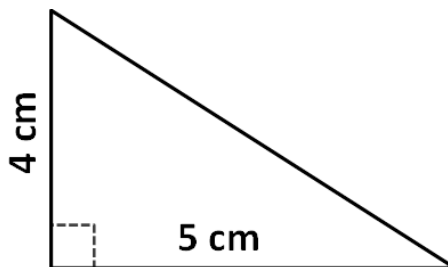
26. Wanda is painting one wall in her bedroom. The wall is 3 m long and 2.7 m high. She has a window on that wall that measures 80 cm wide by 60 cm high. What area of wall does Wanda have to paint?

- a. 145.7
- b.  $38,880 \text{ cm}^2$
- c.  $8.1 \text{ m}^2$
- d.  $7.62 \text{ m}^2$

Mr F

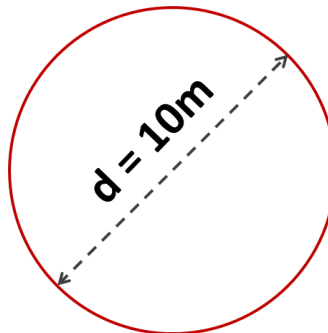
27. The area of this triangle is:

- a.  $20 \text{ cm}^2$
- b.  $9 \text{ cm}^2$
- c.  $\sqrt{41} \text{ cm}$
- d.  $10 \text{ cm}^2$



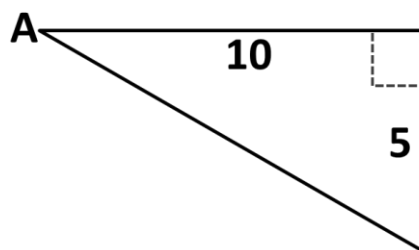
28. The **area** of this circle is:

- a. 78.5 square metres
- b.  $314 \text{ m}^2$
- c. 31.42 m
- d.  $5 \text{ m}^2$



29. The measure of angle A is:

- a.  $30^\circ$
- b.  $60^\circ$
- c.  $26.6^\circ$
- d.  $0.0087^\circ$



30. The Greatest Common Factor (GCF) of 56 and 49 is?

- a. 56
- b. 49
- c. 392
- d. 7

31. The Lowest Common Multiple (LCM) [also known as the Lowest Common Denominator, LCD, when used in a fraction] of 8 and 12 is:

- a. 96
- b. 4
- c. 24
- d. 20

## OPEN RESPONSE

- Show work for best marks as always and to ensure you are following the steps and can readily re-check
- Make sure the answer makes sense in the real world
- Use accurate value for Pi
- Round decimal answers to nearest hundredth unless otherwise indicated.
- Use your reference notes
- Formulae and conversion factors will be provided
- Diagrams are not drawn to scale
- Value of the question in marks is indicated in box to left.

- 10 1. Jared has been hired to work a full-time job at a retail outlet. His Regular pay rate is  **$\$15.00/hr$** . Any hours worked over **40** hours a week are paid at ***time and a half***. During his first week, Jared sold  **$\$12,250$**  in goods, and worked **44** hours. He makes a **3.5%** commissions on his sales over  **$\$8,000.00$** .

His **Registered Retirement Savings Plan (RRSP)** contributions are  **$\$70.00$**  per week. There is **no** union dues to pay or company retirement plan to put money into.

(FYI: If you put away  $\$70$  a week for 40 years of working you will have  $\$607,148.10$  in your expected retirement portfolio)

**Employment Insurance (EI)** deductions are **1.92%** of the *gross* pay. **CPP Contributions** are 4.95% of *Gross* Pay. Income tax is deducted at a combined Provincial & Federal rate of 21% of his Taxable Income. He pays  **$\$10.00$**  for weekly parking and  **$\$8.00$**  a week for the coffee fund.

Show what all the detailed calculations for computing his Net 'take home' pay.

Use the template provided if necessary

- 4 2. Find the LCM (aka LCD) of:
- a. 8 and 12
  - b. 7 and 5

3. Simplify:

10

a.  $3\frac{1}{4} + 5\frac{1}{8} =$

b.  $4\frac{3}{5} - 2\frac{1}{2} =$

c.  $\frac{5}{7} + \frac{2}{5} =$

d.  $4\frac{1}{4} + 2\frac{1}{2} =$

e.  $14:45 + 2:45 =$

f.  $13:20 - 3:45 =$

g.  $4 \text{ ft } 8 \text{ in} + 6 \text{ ft } 8 \text{ in} =$  \_\_\_\_\_

h.  $(4 \text{ ft } 7 \text{ in}) / 2 =$

i.  $4\frac{3}{8} * 2\frac{1}{4} =$

j.  $8\frac{3}{4} \div 2 =$



20

4. Complete the table (convert metres to the nearest 0.01 or better, express imperial units as feet and nearest inch where indicated).

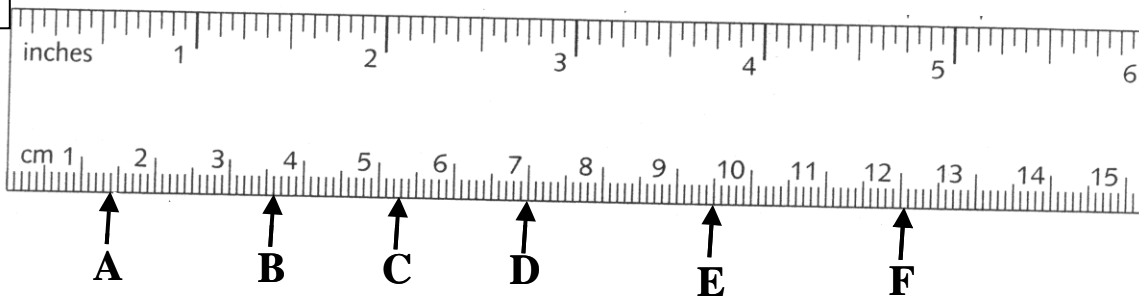
metres (m)	feet (ft) and inches
1	3.2808 just use 3.28
3	___ ft ___ in
4.5	___ ft ___ in
	4ft 9 inches
	450 ft
	70ft 6 in
400 m	___ ft
40 m	___ ft
	438 ft
	34 ft
	5 ft 11 in
1.45 m	___ ft ___ in

5. Complete the table (convert kilograms to nearest 0.01, calculate ounces to the nearest oz)

pounds (lb) and oz	kilograms (kg)
2.205 just use 2.2	1
3.3 lb <i>no such thing really</i>	
6.6 lb <i>no such thing really</i>	
	4.4 kg
	5.9 kg
	7.95 kg
6 lb 11 oz	
9 lb 3 oz	
	71.42 kg
	36.09 kg
34 lbs 9 oz	

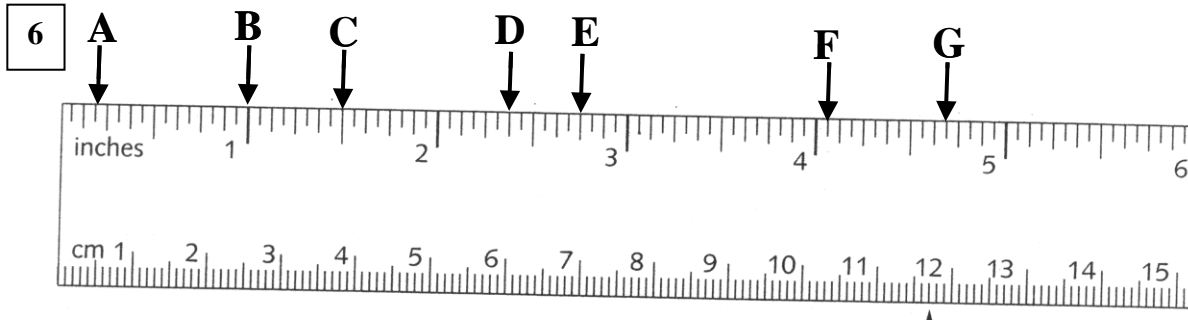
6. Find the measurement indicated on this metric ruler:

6



	A	B	C	D	E	F
cm						
mm						

7. Find the indicated measurement to the best precision you can read:



A	B	C	D	E	F	G

8. Convert the following:

8

a. 7 miles = \_\_\_\_\_ km

b. 48 lbs = \_\_\_\_\_ kg

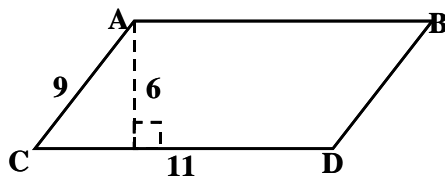
c. 335 ml = \_\_\_\_\_ litres

d. 15 yards 2ft = \_\_\_\_\_ metres

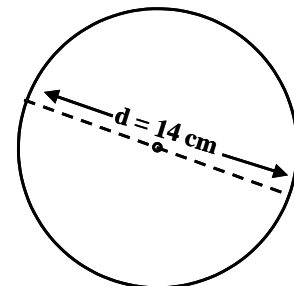
9. Calculate the **perimeter** (or circumference) *and* **area** of the following figures:

8

a.



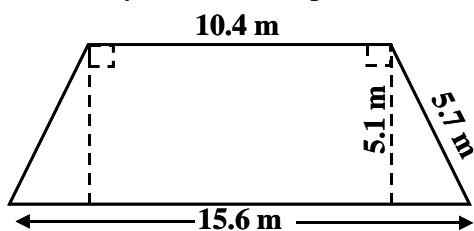
b.



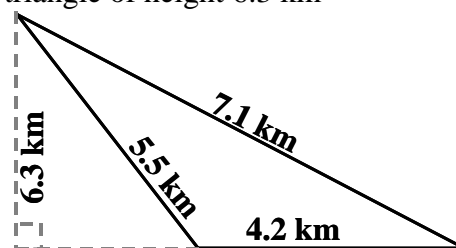
Don't forget to show work for everything,  
you can at least get part marks!

MrF

c. This symmetrical trapezoid:

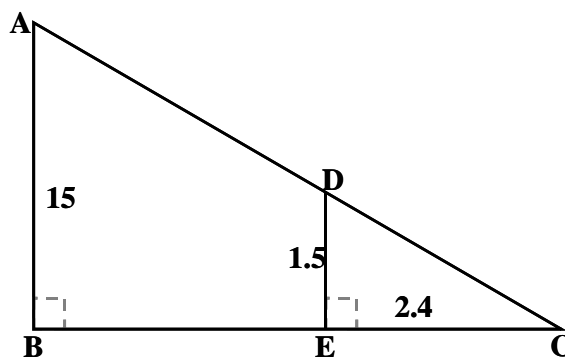


d. Obtuse triangle of height 6.3 km



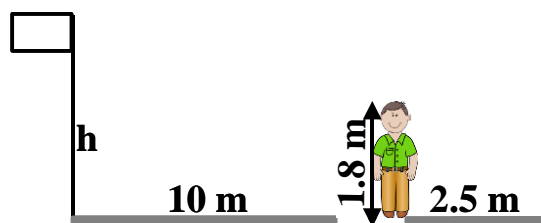
10. Find the lengths:

6

a.  $BC =$  \_\_\_\_\_b.  $BE =$  \_\_\_\_\_c.  $AC =$  \_\_\_\_\_

2

11. What is the height of the flagpole if the 180 cm tall man casts a shadow of 2.5 m and the shadow of the flag pole is 10 m?



12. Integers:

a.  $2 + 5 =$

b.  $-3 + 8 =$

c.  $7 + (-9) =$

d.  $-4 - 6 =$

e.  $12 - (-8) =$

f.  $-9 - (-9) =$

13. Evaluate:

a.  $\frac{3^4 - 1}{(5 - 3)^2}$

b.  $\frac{x + y^2}{(y - 1)^2}$ ; **if**  $x = 0$  and  $y = 4$

14. Milk was sold in three sizes:

2

a. \$6.48 for 4 litres (*on sale!*)

b. \$2.99 for 2 litres

c. \$1.89 for 1 litre

d. which of the three options is the least expensive unit price?

e. Give a reason why you might not purchase the item that has the lowest unit cost.

15. Coke was being sold in four different packages:

2

- \$2.49 for 2 litres
  - \$1.59 for 1 litre
  - \$6.99 for 24 cans of 355 ml each, and
  - \$3.99 for 12 cans of 355 ml each.
- which of the three options is the least expensive unit price?
  - Give a reason why you might not purchase the item that has the lowest unit cost.

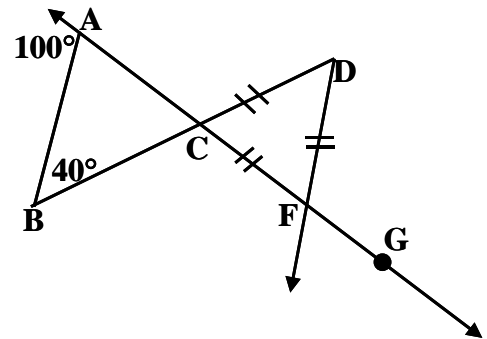
16. Multiply or divide the integers as indicated:

6

- $2 * 8 =$
- $3 * (-4) =$
- $-4 * (-4) =$
- $15 \div (-3) =$
- $-14/2 =$
- $\frac{-16}{-4} =$

17. Find the measure of angle **DFG** (ie:  $m\angle DFG$ ):

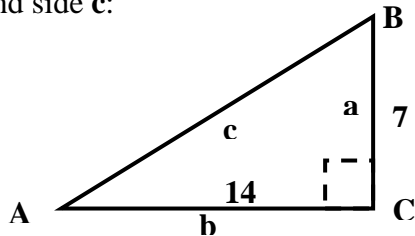
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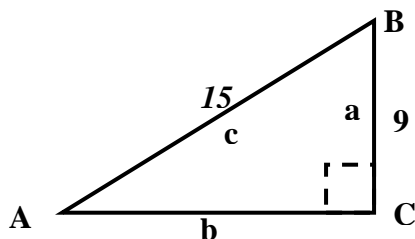
MrF

18. Find side  $c$ :

2

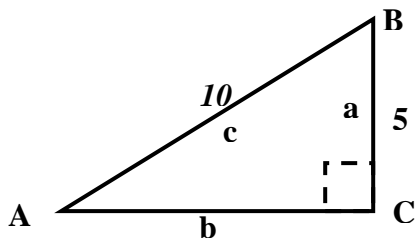
19. Find side  $b$ .

2



20.

2



Find:

- $\sin(A)$
- $\cos(A)$
- $\tan(B)$
- the measure of angle  $B$  ( $m\angle B$ ):

**21. Fractions:** Evaluate (show work! No calculator!)

a.  $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{3}{8} =$

b.  $\frac{4}{5} - \frac{2}{3} =$

c.  $1\frac{3}{4} + 2\frac{3}{8} =$

d.  $\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{3}{8} =$

22. Solve:

a.  $\frac{4}{7} = \frac{n}{28}$

b.  $\frac{2}{5} = \frac{8}{x}$

c.  $4 = \frac{n}{8}$

---

23. Measure the length of these lines in cm (to nearest tenth), mm, and inches (to nearest 1/8<sup>th</sup>)

a.  \_\_\_\_\_ cm  
\_\_\_\_\_ mm  
\_\_\_\_\_ in

b.  \_\_\_\_\_ cm  
\_\_\_\_\_ mm  
\_\_\_\_\_ in

24. **CONVERT METRIC** (use the conversion tables I gave you, though hopefully you do not really need them!)

a. 5.3 kg = \_\_\_\_\_ g

b. 6.37 km = \_\_\_\_\_ m,

c. 3,700 m = \_\_\_\_\_ km

**25. CONVERT THE IMPERIAL MEASURES (use the conversion tables I gave you)**

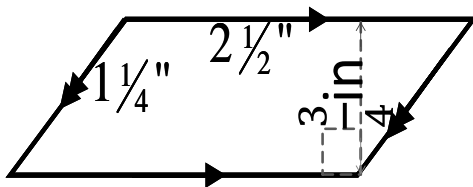
a. 4 ft = \_\_\_\_\_ inches

b. 5 miles = \_\_\_\_\_ yds

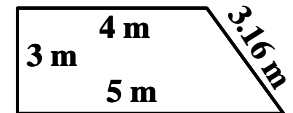
c. 40 oz = \_\_\_\_\_ lbs & \_\_\_\_\_ oz

**26. Calculate the perimeter, **P**, and the area, **A**, of the given figures.**

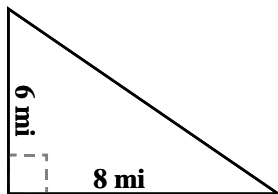
a. Parallelogram



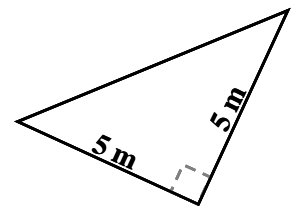
b. Trapezoid



c. Triangle (two legs given)



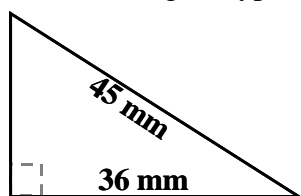
d. Triangle (two legs given)



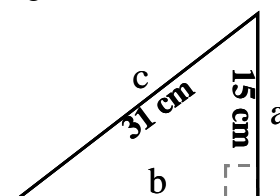


Mr F

e. Triangle (hypotenuse given)



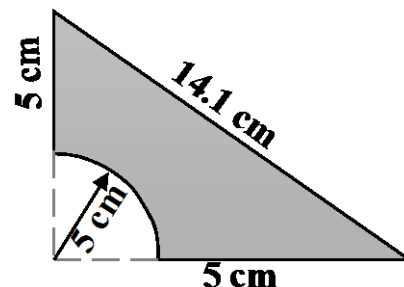
f. Triangle (hypotenuse given).

**BONUS** (no calculator!) Show work

1. Multiply Twelve Million, Three Hundred Forty Five Thousand, Six Hundred Seventy Nine by Twenty Seven

BONUS (Bonus marks *if* needed, Marks indicated)

2. What is the Perimeter *and* the Area of this bracket:



A bus has 81 passengers. At the first stop it lets off one. At the second stop it lets off three passengers; the third stop five passengers get off; and the same pattern of two more getting off than the previous stop at each further stop! At what number stop are there no passengers remaining on the bus?



**ANSWERS**

**MULTIPLE CHOICE**

1) \$85.46	2) \$513	3) \$115.94	4) 9.5, 4.5	5) \$767.25
6) 27.8%	7) \$12 ea	8) 30"	9) \$7.93	10) 6 ways
11) a	12) c	13) d	14) a	15) b
16) 55.76 ft	17) 1200 kg	18) $3\frac{5}{8}$	19) 9.9 yd	20) 50 cm
21) 4' 9"	22) \$31.19	23) 15	24) $3'10\frac{1}{2}"$	25) 81 ft <sup>2</sup>
26) 7.62 m <sup>2</sup>	27) 10 cm <sup>2</sup>	28) 78.5 m <sup>2</sup>	29) 26.6°	30) 7
31) 24				

**OPEN RESPONSE**

1) Gross: \$838.75  
 Taxable: \$768.75  
 Net: \$531.69

2)  
 a. 24  
 b. 35

3) a.  $8\frac{3}{8}$       b.  $2\frac{1}{10}$       c.  $1\frac{4}{35}$   
 d.  $6\frac{3}{4}$       e. 17:30      f. 09:35  
 g. 11 ft 4 in      h. 2 ft 3½ in  
 i.  $9\frac{27}{32}$       j.  $4\frac{3}{8}$

4.

metres (m)	feet (ft) and inches
1	3.2808 just use 3.28
3	<u>9</u> ft <u>10</u> in
4.5	<u>14</u> ft <u>9</u> in
<b>1.45</b>	4ft 9 inches
<b>137.2 m</b>	450 ft
<b>21.49</b>	70ft 6 in
400 m	<u>1312</u> ft
40 m	<u>131.2</u> ft
<b>133.54</b>	438 ft
<b>10.37</b>	34 ft
<b>1.92</b>	5 ft 11 in
1.45 m	<u>4</u> ft <u>9</u> in

5.

pounds (lb) and oz	kilograms (kg)
2.205 just use 2.2	1
3.3 lb <i>no such thing really</i>	<b>1.5</b>
6.6 lb <i>no such thing really</i>	<b>3.0</b>
<del>9.68</del> or <b>9 lb 11 oz</b>	4.4 kg
<b>13 lb</b>	5.9 kg
<del>17 lb 8oz</del> or <del>17.49lb</del>	7.95 kg
6 lb 11 oz	<b>3.04 kg</b>
9 lb 3 oz	<b>4.18 kg</b>
<b>157 lbs 2 oz</b>	71.42 kg
<b>79 lb 6 oz</b>	36.09 kg
34 lbs 9 oz	<b>15.71 kg</b>

6.

	A	B	C	D	E	F
<b>cm</b>	<b>1.4</b>	<b>3.6</b>	<b>5.3</b>	<b>7.0</b>	<b>9.5</b>	<b>12 or 12.1</b>
<b>mm</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>36</b>	<b>53</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>95</b>	<b>120 or 121</b>

7.

A	B	C	D	E	F	G
$\frac{3}{16}$	1	$1\frac{1}{2}$	$2\frac{3}{8}$	$2\frac{3}{4}$	$4\frac{1}{16}$	$4\frac{11}{16}$

8a) 11.26 km      8b) 21.77 kg      8c) 0.335 L      8d) 14.33 m

9a) P=40 units A = 66 unit<sup>2</sup>9b) P = 44 cm A = 153.94 cm<sup>2</sup>9c) P = 37.4 m A = 66.3 m<sup>2</sup>9d) P = 16.8 km A = 13.23 km<sup>2</sup>

10a) 24

10b) 21.6

10c) 28.84

11) 7.2 m

12a) 7

12b) 5

12c) -2

12d) -10

12e) 20

12f) 0

13a) 20

13b)  $1\frac{7}{9}$ 

14. \$2.99 for 2 litres is the cheapest per unit. Reason may not buy the cheapest? Wrong brand, too big (just end up throwing some out?); may only have \$2 on you? (can't afford to save money!); too heavy to carry on the bus; not fair trade; ...

15. the 24 tins is the best value for money, cheapest unit cost, only \$0.82 per litre.

Reasons to not buy same as above

12a) 16      12b) -12      12c) 16

12d) -5      12e) -7      12f) 4

17) 120°

18) c = 15.65 units

19) b = 12 units

20a) 0.500

20b) 0.866

20c) 0.577

20d) 60°

21a)  $\frac{7}{8}$ 21b)  $\frac{2}{15}$ 21c)  $4\frac{1}{8}$ 21d)  $\frac{3}{16}$ 

22a) n=16

22b) x = 20

22c) n = 32

23a)

10.7 cm

107 mm

 $4\frac{1}{4}$  inches

23b)

8.9 cm

89 cm

 $3\frac{1}{2}$



24a) 5,300 g

24b) 6,370 m

24c) 3.7 km

25a) 48 in

25b) 8800 yd

25c) 2 lb 8 oz

26a)  $P = 7 \frac{1}{2}$  in  
 $A = 1\frac{7}{8}$  in<sup>2</sup>

26b)  $P = 15.16$  m  
 $A = 13.5$  m<sup>2</sup>

26c)  $P = 24$  mi  
 $A = 24$  square miles

26d)  $P = 17.07$  m  
 $A = 12.5$  m<sup>2</sup>

26e)  $P = 108$  mm  
 $A = 486$  mm<sup>2</sup>  
 or  $4.86$  cm<sup>2</sup>

26f)  $P = 73.13$  cm  
 $A = 203.48$  cm<sup>2</sup>

## BONUSES

1. 333,333,333

2.  $P = 31.95$  cm  $A = 30.37$  cm<sup>2</sup>3. the bus is empty on the 9<sup>th</sup> stop. Just make a table!